

FACTORY AUTOMATION

FA Application Package iQ Monozukuri Tool Wear Diagnosis for Machine Tools



iQ Monozukuri



GLOBAL IMPACT OF MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC



Through Mitsubishi Electric's vision, "Changes for the Better" are possible for a brighter future.

Changes for the Better

"Changes for the Better" represents the Mitsubishi Electric Group's attitude to "always strive to achieve something better", as we continue to change and grow. Each one of us shares a strong will and passion to continuously aim for change, reinforcing our commitment to creating "an even better tomorrow".



Our advances in AI and IoT are adding new value to society in diverse areas from automation to information systems. The creation of game-changing solutions is helping to transform the world, which is why we are honored to be recognized in the 2019 "Forbes Digital 100" as one of world's most influential digital corporations. Mitsubishi Electric is involved in many areas including the following:

Energy and Electric Systems

A wide range of power and electrical products from generators to large-scale displays.

Electronic Devices

A wide portfolio of cutting-edge semiconductor devices for systems and products.

Home Appliance

Dependable consumer products like air conditioners and home entertainment systems.

Information and Communication Systems

Commercial and consumer-centric equipment, products and systems.

Industrial Automation Systems

Maximizing productivity and efficiency with cutting-edge automation technology.

FUTURE MANUFACTURING



The Future of Manufacturing as envisioned by Mitsubishi Electric, e-F@ctory: "Manufacturing" that evolves in response to environmental changes in an IoT enabled world.





Manufacturing reform for the age of Digital Transformation utilizing machining IoT data of machine tools

Many issues exist with the varying-type/varying-volume production of machine tools. Feedback expressing concern from the shop floor includes "I focus so much on quality,

I do not know the appropriate the time of tool change,"

"I can't prevent quality defects caused by sudden tool abnormalities," and "It's difficult to collect data from a wide-variety of machine tools, and I don't know how to analyze it."

With this package, IoT data are collected and analyzed using Mitsubishi Electric's independent technology to optimize tool operation control and support the easy detection of quality defects.





Seven Use Cases Solving Tool Wear Issues







Reduction in Annual Tool Costs and Labor Required for Tool Change Work by Reducing the Frequency of Tool Change!

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Problem

We change tools based on tool usage time/count, but I am unsure of the appropriate tool change timing in the case of varying-type/varying-volume production.



Have you ever experienced this?

Assume the same tool is used to machine Product A and Product B. When a high volume of Product A is being manufactured, there were no product defects when tool change was carried out as it had been until now. However, when the production percentage of new Product B was increased, product defects began occurring, therefore the operator had no choice but to revise the setting for the regular tool change timing for a shorter period referring to the count when defects occurred.

Solution

Predict optimal tool change timing even in the case of varying-type/varying-volume production. Reduce tool change count as well as tool cost and labor.

Features

Simultaneous collection of IoT machining data and machining conditions from machine tools to visualize changes in trends with identical machining conditions.

Trend with regular tool change

In the past,TBM(tool usage count)was the basis for tool change,however it became apparent that tools were being changed prior to life expiration despite the potential to be used close to the maximum load for tool change results. Trends when tools are replaced at usage limit (wear)

The optimal tool life in varying-type/varying-volume production was determined and tool maintenance was improved by switching from TBM(tool usage count)to condition-based maintenance CBM(wear state). As a results in the reduction of tool replacement, saving tool costs by 40%.

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63

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Annual tool cost by tool optimal tool change(example)

	New tool p	rice	Re-grinding price	Annual tool cost
Conventional	1.29 mill yen(15,000 y	yen × 86 tools)	1.04 mill yen (6,000 yen × 174 tools)	2.33 mill yen/tool
	705.000	010 000		Cut by 950,000 yen
Post-introduction	(15,000 yen × 51 tools)	6,000 yen × 102 t	ools) 40%DOWN	1.38 mill/tool





Reducing Loss Cost by Preventing Leakage of Products with Quality Defects Due to Machining Faults

Problem

Quality defects occur due to sudden tool abnormalities or manufacturing abnormalities in the upstream process.



Have you ever experienced this?

Sudden tool defects create a large volume of defective products up until quality inspection. A large volume of defective products is produced due to mold deformation in the upstream process(casting).

Solution

Immediately after machining, detects Abnormalities by identifying things that "Differ to the norm!" based on change from machining feature value in normal times.

Features

Capture changes with machining feature value during normal machining, to support extraction of diagnosis thresholds for judging abnormal machining.

Detection of tool breakage

Detects sudden reductions in machining feature value caused by blade breakage.



Detection of machining abnormalities due to mold deformation

Detects sudden increases in machining feature value caused by machining faults.



Machining abnormality detection Machining order

Prevents defective products into the market by detecting sudden tool abnormalities!

Identifies upstream process defects by detecting machining abnormalities and reduces loss cost!





Productivity Increase by 10% or Higher Due to Shorter Breakage Detection Time

Problem

I want to eliminate tool breakage detection (breakage detection) time, which is a waste of operating time.



Have you ever experienced this?

It takes breakage detection time for each machining, each affecting the cycle time.

Solution

By leveraging IoT machining data, cycle time was significantly improved!

Tool breakage detection > Message output

Features

Able to detect tool breakages using IoT machining data only, making sensor-less tool breakage possible.

Change of feature value trend at tool breakage

Alarm output at tool breakage

When a tool breakage is detected, an alarm message is outputted and the signal tower*1 illuminates!



*1: If external abnormality input terminal has been prepared on the machine tools



By extracting section data from machining IoT data, slight changes in tool breakage can be detected, resulting in easier abnormality detection.







Centralized Management of Machining Data Contributing to Traceability

Problem

- •A machining line may consist of a variety of new and old machine tools such as machining centers, lathes, Multi-Tasking Machine, and grinders, which makes data collection difficult.
- Even when a product does not meet the quality standard, the process that caused the abnormality is unclear.

Solution

- By collecting machining data from up to 10 machine tools equipped with CNC of different manufacturers, uniform control of machining diagnosis and tool change operations becomes possible.
- The collected data includes product types, processing conditions (machining program), product serial numbers, and tool numbers and secures traceability. The reference of product serial numbers is also useful to connect inspection data.



Please contact your local branch or dealer for details on connectable CNC models and machine tools without CNC.

Support for predictive diagnosis through monitoring mechanical errors

Processing waveform

Histogram

Spindle motor load

Problem

• Regular maintenance cannot prevent unplanned outage due to failure to detect signs of machine deterioration.

Solution

 Machine deterioration can be visualized by calculating the standard deviation of the varied machining loads from the spindle deflection for each fixed number of machining operations. (Overlapped processing waveforms by 300 data) Unit 1 Unit 2 Overhaul of Unit 2 spindle The two are the same model, but the results are different! Wide = Large load variation Standard deviation by 300 machining processes The deviation gradually increases with machine wear/refueling conditions $\sigma = 376$ $\sigma = 474$ Unit 2 Overhaul of Unit 2 spindle The two are the same model, but the results are different! Wide = Large load variation Standard deviation by 300 machining processes Unit machine wear/refueling conditions $\sigma = 376$ $\sigma = 474$

predictive maintenance to check mechanical errors and aging deterioration trends with standard deviation values.

Predicting Geometrical Tolerances and Process Quality from IoT Data to Prevent the Outflow of Machining Defects

Problem

I want to prevent the outflow of machining defects.

Have you ever experienced this?

Although quality is guaranteed by performing sampling inspections, we don't know how much of an impact is present when a part fails an inspection. Sampling inspections are also unable to detect sudden defects and or defect trends.

Solution

Machine learning is applied to the relationship between measurement results and IoT data to create a predictive model for the measurement results. This predictive model is used to calculate the level of quality immediately after machining to prevent the outflow of defective parts to the subsequent process.

Features

1. The Advanced Data Science Tool*1 is used to analyze the correlation between IoT data (feature values) and measurement results.

The results of this analysis are fed into a machine learning algorithm and feature values and measurement results that have a strong degree of correlation are used to create a predictive model.

- 2. This predictive model is incorporated into the diagnosis system to calculate the level of quality (measured value) after each machining process.
- 3. Trends in quality indicators are displayed on the GOT screen, which allows easy threshold monitoring and trend diagnosis.

This makes it possible to predict the number of times the current tool can be used before you will see a deviation in quality indicators and allows you to detect sudden changes in quality.

*1: For more details regarding the Advanced Data Science Tool, please refer to pages 16-17.

Utilization of IoT Data to Accelerate Investigations Into the Causes of Sudden Inspection Failures

Problem

When there is an inspection failure,

I want to quickly check the IoT data of the failed part and investigate the cause.

Have you ever experienced this?

In the event of a nonconforming part, I want to use defect data correlation and machining waveform data comparisons to quickly determine the mechanism that caused the inspection failure.

Solution

The Advanced Data Science Tool enables you to manage and link the IoT data with measurement results. This makes it easier to search for data indicating a failure.

Features

 Even when performing a series of machining process using several machining programs, the same production serial number*1 is automatically assigned to the entire series of IoT data.
 Furthermore, by registering the product type information on the diagnosis system in advance, it is possible to assign different production serial numbers to each product type, even if different product types use the same machining program.

2. With the Advanced Data Science Tool, it is possible to display a list of the IoT data with its assigned production serial numbers and the corresponding inspection data for the same product type in parallel, as well as to link the both data on the tool.

*1: The lot number or Two-dimensional code equivalent to the product serial number is scanned with a dedicated reader.

When it is possible to notify the diagnosis system, this code can be assigned to the IoT data.

Wide-array of Analysis Technology Leveraging Data to Achieve Reliable Tool Diagnosis

Automatic Detection of Machining Load

Automatic extraction of the target machining selection from collected data

Analog data is collected at high speed during machining and only the data related to the machining load is automatically extracted.The feature value is then calculated from this extracted data.The conditions for automatic extraction of the specified data can be set while checking the waveform using the Advanced Data Science Tool.

Optimization of Tool Change Timing

Use tools for the full life even in the case of multi-product variable-quantity production

By making "models" from machining program number and tool number combinations, tool life can be diagnosed in relation to various machining conditions incorporated in the model, such as machined material, workpiece shape, spindle speed, cutting depth, and feed. As such, even if one type of tool is used for production under various machining conditions, tool life for individual models can be stipulated, and tool diagnosis in multi-product variable-quantity production is possible by predicting deterioration to suit the progress of tool wear.

Selection of Optimal Feature Values for Diagnosis

Selection of feature values with strong correlation according to the purpose of the diagnosis

Depending on the particular purpose of the tool wear or machining abnormality diagnosis, it is possible to select appropriate feature values (average value, integral value, maximum value, minimum value, range value, median value, selection length, count of threshold passing, counts of exceeding thresholds, threshold exceeded time/average value/integral value).

If the machining conditions result in a very small load, any noise in the collected data may greatly affect the accuracy of the diagnosis. Therefore, primary processing techniques such as maintaining a moving average can be utilized to improve the S/N (signal/noise) ratio of the data to be diagnosed and the calculation accuracy of the feature value.

Machining Quality Diagnosis Using a Measured Value Predictive Model

Diagnosis for complicated machining geometries such as curved surfaces

When machining parts that interact with fluids or have an intricate design, it is often necessary to perform simultaneous control of multiple axes such as when performing precision finishing of curved surfaces. In such cases, torque is applied not only to the spindle but also to various feed axes for machining.For these case, it is not possible to perform wear diagnosis by only looking at trends on a single axis.

To solve this problem, we apply machine learning to the general relationship between trends of the feature values for each axis and the trends of measured values (quality indicators) and create a measured value predictive model. By appropriately managing trends immediately after machining, it is possible to perform wear diagnosis even in the case of complicated geometries such as curved surfaces.

Evaluation of Machine Learning Prediction Accuracy (Learning Target Optimization/Cross-Validation)

Creating an environment for easy AI (machine learning) utilization

Basic knowledge of concepts in data science such as overtraining and multicollinearity problems is generally required for machine learning.

However, in order to prevent these problems from occurring, this package automatically displays recommended machine learning feature values after it determines the data (quality indicators: measured values, inspection values) to be applied to learning. Furthermore, the learning target data can be divided into multiple blocks, and the system can then automatically verify which block contains a trained predictive model with high accuracy.

Tool Change Operation

Present tool life with the available usage count

Based on post-tool change differences in tool cutting performance and the status of varying-type/varying-volume production, displays predicted remaining count as available usage count to show how many more times a tool can perform machining until it reaches its life.

Able to set abnormality output in the two stages of "caution" and "warning" based on predicted remaining count to enhance user-friendliness. If an abnormality occurs, an

abnormality output can be sent externally also, enabling abnormality display on the machine tools, etc.*1

 $_{\star 1}$ If external abnormality input terminal has been prepared on the machine tools

Function Overview

D

We Provide Various Functions to Support the Realization of Digital Transformation

System Installation

Set the parameters for connection and data collection according to the target device and then perform data collection.

Settings during installation

System settings

Configure the common settings for the diagnosis system (diagnosis system ID and password settings).

Machine settings

The machine tool communication method and data cleansing conditions can be set for each machine to enable the collection of machining status data.

Model settings

Register the diagnosis model for each machining condition.

The automatic model registration function allows you to automatically register models according to the received machining conditions.

Machine settings screen

Collection of machining data

Collection of machining data Collect machining data of each machine tools in real-time for storage or comparison purposes. (compare differences between deteriorated tools and new tools)

Machining data collection screen

Data transfer ADS tool*1 Machine status monitoring On the Machine state detail display, the data received from the CNC and the collected data are displayed in real time.

Waveform and trend display function (ADS tool*1)

The Advanced Data Science Tool allows you to display stored waveform and trend data over a specified selection data. This allows you to check the wear state of the tool.

Preparation

Start of

Operation

Tool wear

diagnosis

The set threshold is automatically calculated from the collected data, and the optimized diagnosis threshold is then set in the system.

Diagnosis threshold setting

Model detail setting

It is possible to set the data cleansing conditions, data processing conditions, and diagnostic feature values for the model according to your diagnostic requirements.

ADS tool*1 Config files (Configuration files) sis threshold setting scree ADS tool*1

Section extraction setting While checking the cutting torque waveform, it is possible to set the selection extraction conditions

from the collected waveform data. Diagnosis threshold extraction The statistical analysis function automatically calculates recommended thresholds from trends in the feature values.

Diagnosis threshold setting

It is possible to use the values calculated by the ADS tool*1 or custom values from the user.

Tool wear diagnosis

The system can predict the tool service life according to the state of wear and notify the user of the estimated remaining count of machines of the tool.

Machining abnormality diagnosis

In the case of a tool or machining abnormality, a threshold deviation judgment is made and an alert is issued. Visualization of trend data

*1: ADS Tool: Advanced Data Science Tool (Refer to pages 16-17)

Visualization of tool wea

for Various Feature Values

calculated, and their trend data is

displayed. The threshold deviation is then

determined according to the calculation results.

Analyze Management of Trend Data Various feature values are automatically

Accurate Diagnosis

Machine learning algorithms are applied to inspection and machining data to enable the prediction of machining quality.

Quality prediction

Transmission of internal measurement values from machine Dimension data measured by a CNC can be transmitted to the ADS tool*1.

Internal measurement value transmission screer

Predictive model and diagnosis threshold settings

The Advanced Data Science Tool allows you to set the calculated predictive model and the diagnosis threshold calculated from feature value trends.

Measured value prediction

Immediately after machining, the predicted measured value (quality indicator) is calculated from the predictive model. The system then calculates the threshold deviation and the estimated remaining count of machines.

Wear diagnosis model settings screer

Analysis of the relationship between inspection and machining data In the Advanced Data Science Tool, the machining and measurement data (machining quality) are linked according to the production serial number information*2. *2: Production serial numbers can be automatically assigned when machining data is collected.

Model creation and evaluation From the results of correlation analysis between the machining quality and the collected machining data, the feature values of the optimum target for learning are automatically selected, and a predictive model is automatically created by machine learning.

Diagnosis system main menu

Operational Support

Provides support for tool replacement that utilizes tools up to the end of their service lifeAa

Tool replacement information

The system is able to display the tool usage status. (To help with the tool change process, the system can trigger an alarm when it is time to change the tool.)

Alarm history

The system is able to display tool error messages and tool change alarms.

Improvement

Improvement of cycle time and tool life through optimization of machining conditions

Maximum Average Load Comparison, Maximum Workload Comparison

By comparing machining condition for the same tool between machining programs, optimizes machining conditions such as cutting speed, feed amount, cutting depth, etc. to support improvement of cycle time.

Maximum Average Maximum Workload Load Comparison Comparison Waveform Comparison

Waveform Comparison

Optimal machining conditions can be confirmed by comparing the change in load applied to the tool over time.

Advanced Data Science Tool (Engineering environment that promotes digital transformation)

The Advanced Data Science Tool is a software that links to iQ Monozukuri Tool Wear Diagnosis for Machine Tools to utilize IoT data for the support of tool diagnosis, equipment maintenance, and statistical analysis.

Use Case (2)

Problem: I want to utilize big data to detect machining and equipment abnormalities

- **Solution** 1.By plotting the same machining feature value on a histogram, it is possible to check for any variations in tool wear and better grasp any trends in machining abnormality data.
 - 2.It is possible to check the correlation between feature values and machining quality (measurement/inspection values) by plotting them on a scatter diagram. This can help you to detect any machining 3.abnormalities by easily identifying outliers.

By comparing the feature value histograms of the same machining process between different equipment, it is possible to identify equipment differences and deterioration trends and easily detect equipment abnormalities.

Features Statistical analysis utilizing big data allows you to easily identify machining and equipment abnormalities.

Use Case ((3) Problem: I want to	o utilize IoT data to more accurately prec	dict machining quality
Solution	 Solution Machine learning is applied to the relationship between IoT data and machining quality (measurement/inspection values) and a predictive model is automatically calculated. Through cross-validation of learning and validation data that has been divided into blocks, it is possible to confirm the validity from the predictive model's regression analysis results. This improves overall calculation accuracy. It is possible to check the prediction accuracy by comparing the calculated predicted values of the model with the actual measurement values. 		
Features	The combination of machine learning and IoT data can be used to create a highly accurate quality predictive model which minimizes machining abnormalities and defects.		
1. Automatic calculation of a predictive model		2. Cross-validation using learning data and validation data Measurement/inspection values Predicted value Learning data Learning data Learning data	3. Confirmation of prediction accuracy Measurement/inspection values Predicted value Machining order

Main Functions

Function type	Function details	
Management of collected data	Display of a list of collected section data	
Ŭ	Filtering the analysis target section data (by machining program or tool used)	
	Deleting data that is not subject to analysis	
	Temporary exclusion of data that is not subject to analysis	
Waveform display	Graphical display of machining waveform in chronological order	
	Parallel/normalized display of multiple channels	
	Display of multiple section data superimposed	
	Fixed display of section data	
Display of trends	Graphical display of selected feature values, measurement data, and prediction values	
	Parallel/normalized display of multiple feature values	
	Display of tool change history	
Diagnosis threshold settings	Automatic threshold calculation for tool wear and machining abnormality diagnosis	
	File output of diagnostic threshold setting	
Statistical analysis	Display of a list of measurement data and feature value correlation coefficients	
	Scatter plot display of measurement data and selected feature values	
	Grouping of interval data for learning/validation	
	Automatic creation of predictive models by machine learning	
	Cross-validation by group	
	Graphical display of predicted measurement values (quality indicators)	
	File output of predictive model setting	
Interval extraction settings	Machining waveform extraction (cleansing) condition settings	
	File output of interval extraction setting	
Data collection	Waveform/trend data collection and database construction	

Operating Environment

.NET Framework

wining specifications				
ltem		Description		
Personal computer –		Personal computer that runs Microsoft® Windows®		
	CPU	Intel® Core™ i5 Processor 2 GHz or more is recommended		
	Required memory	8 GB or more is recommended		
Hard disk free capacity		128 GB or more is recommended(To collect data of one CNC machine for one month, approximately 5 GB of free space at least.)		
Display		Resolution 1024 $ imes$ 768 dots or higher		
OS(64-bit version)(Japanese, English,	Chinese (Simplified))	Windows 10 (Pro, Enterprise, IoT Enterprise 2016 LTSB)		
.NET Framework		.NET Framework 4.0 or later		
Recommended specifications				
Item		Description		
Personal computer	—	Personal computer that runs Microsoft® Windows®		
	CPU	Intel® Core™ i7 Processor 2 GHz or more is recommended		
Required memory		16 GB or more is recommended		
Hard disk free capacity		512GB or more is recommended(To collect data of one CNC machine for one month, approximately 5 GB of free space at least.)		
Display		Resolution 1024 $ imes$ 768 dots or higher		
OS(64-bit version)(Japanese, English, Chinese (Simplified))		Windows 10 (Pro, Enterprise, IoT Enterprise 2016 LTSB)		

.NET Framework 4.0 or later

System Specifications

Product

Maximum number of machine tool connections
Input channel Up to 10*1 8 CHs per machine Data collection • Voltage input range: -10 to +10 VDC, 1 to 5 VDC, 0 to 5 VDC Currentinputrange:4to20mADC,0to20mADC Conversion speed: 100 μ s/CH Analog collection interface CC-Link IE Field Scan cycle 1msec Diagnosis target data collection cycle 20msec Machining condition collection · RS-232C (DPRNT output) interface • LAN (Import of CNC machine macro variables: FOCAS⊠, EzSocketNC) Input data Spindle torque current feedback · Spindle motor rotation speed · Motor torque current feedback of six axes or analog inputs of six CHs Sampling start trigger Analog trigger · External input (DI trigger) Data section extraction · Extraction bit specification Time specification Threshold specification Data collection time Up to 30 minutes per machining (If machining time is longer than 30 minutes, the log file is divided as non-continuous data.) Model Number of models · Wear diagnostic model: 150 models Machining diagnostic model: 1000 models Number of displayable trends on the GOT Wear diagnostic model: 400 machining tasks per model (Each feature value) Model registration The diagnosis target can be changed by setting the target tool and target machining. Diagnosis function Tool wear diagnosis Wear diagnosis according to the characteristics of the target tool after the tool change (Use up to the tool life according to the remaining count display) Measured value prediction · Automatic generation of prediction equations, evaluation of prediction performance, and automatic transfer of prediction equations by machine learning · Measured value prediction based on the machining data, use up to the tool life according to the remaining count display (Diagnostic system) Diagnosis of deviation from the normal machining trend (Monitoring of abnormal machining due to blade breakage, workpiece failure, chuck failure, chip clogging, or others) Abnormal machining diagnosis Tool change registration function Tool change registration · Change reservation registration · Tool change automatic judgment · Tool change import by tool counter reception Machining quality diagnosis function Threshold monitoring of the changes in the machining feature value Product type management Machining model trace and automatic assignment of production serial based on the model machining time of the product type Tact improvement support function Display of differences in feature values between machining programs by tool (Support for improvement of machining conditions such as spindle speed and feed rate) · Alarm due to deviations from the diagnostic threshold of the feature value (Alarm) Alarm display function Alarm type · Tool estimated remaining count alarm (Caution/alarm) · System state alarm Alarm display method · Alarm history · Current alarm display External input/output · Alarm output DO1 point per machine · Alarm reset DI1 point per machine Operation state display Machining and tool state display in each machine Waveform display (GOT) Logging function Trigger logging · Continuous logging(100 ms sampling when displayed on the GOT) Up to 60 records in SD memory card Save function Simple display function · Waveform display (Optional display target CH can be selected.) Waveform comparison of different machining (with display start position adjustment function) Data transfer Transfer method FTP transfer*1 File format CSV file format (Time-series data, feature value data, data measured in the machine) Maximum storage size · Depends on the disk capacity of the personal computer. • When the network is disconnected, files are saved in the SD memory card. (255 files)

System Specifications(continuation)

ltem		Description	
Data transfer	Transfer method	FTP transfer*1	
	File format	CSV file format (Time-series data, feature value data, data measured in the machine)	
	Maximum storage size	 Depends on the disk capacity of the personal computer. When the network is disconnected, files are saved in the SD memory card. (255 files) 	
Measured data	Internal measurement	Measured data is transferred from the CNC machine to Advanced Data Science Tool through the diagnostic system.	
management	Measurement outside the machine	Measured data is transferred from the instrument to Advanced Data Science Tool.	
	Measured data linkage	Manufacturing serial and measure data are linked in Advanced Data Science Tool.	
User customize function	Customization of CNC communication	Communication functions compatible with the communication protocol of CNC machine of each manufacturer can be incorporated.	
	Customization of abnormal machining diagnosis	Diagnostic rules specific to the user environment such as chipping can be incorporated.	
	Customization of collection data utilization	Memory map of the data being collected in real-time is available.	
System setting backup		System information can be backed up and restored to the USB memory installed on the GOT. FTP transfer of the section extraction setting information of all models	

*1: The number of units that can be connected and used to transfer data is limited according to the machining conditions to be diagnosed.

Contents of Package

iQ Monozukuri Tool Wear Diagnosis for Machine Tools Package includes the below contents.

*Advanced Data Science Tool is optional.

Software

Product Name		Model	Quantity	Software Version
Engineering Tool	MELSOFT GX Works3	SW1DND-GXW3-	1	1.082L onwards
	MESOFT GT Designer3 (GOT2000)	SW1DND-GTWK3-	1	1.271H onwards
	MELSEC iQ-R Series High Speed Data Logger Module Setting Tool	SW1DNN-RDLUTL-	1	1.07H onwards

«Software used for startup.

Major Device The required quantity depends on configurations.

Product Name	Model	Quantity	Remarks
GOT	GT2512-STBA	1	-
Main base unit	R35B	1	-
Power supply module	R61P	1	-
PLC CPU	R16CPU、R32CPU、R120CPU	1	Firmware version "40" onwards
Extended SRAM cassette	NZ2MC-16MBS	1	For PLC CPU
High speed data logger module	RD81DL96	1	-
SD memory card	NZ1MEM-4GBSD	2	For high speed data logger module · For GOT · For PLC CPU
CC-Link IE Field Network master/local module	RJ71GF11-T2	1	-
Protocol converter	*1	*2	-
CC-Link IE Field Network analog-digital converter module	NZ2GF2BN-60AD4	*2	-
CC-Link IE Field Network extension analog-digital converter module	NZ2EX2B-60AD4	*2	-
CC-Link IE Field Network remote I/O module	NZ2GF2B1-32DT	*3	Option/input type: DC input (plus common type), output type: Transistor output (sink type)
	NZ2GF2B1-32D	*3	Option/input type: DC input (plus/minus shared common type)
Analog output cable	*1		-
RS-232C communication cable	*1		-
24V power supply	*4		•For CC-Link IE Field Network remote I/O module •For other devices
HUB	-	1	-
Hub for CC-Link IE Field Network	_	1	-

*1: Project setting change is required
*2: Please contact a Mitsubishi Electric branch.
*3: As optional, when connecting with external I/O devices, please select unit type and quantity for I/O points to be used.
*4: Please select module type and quantity for I/O points to be used.

FA Application Package

iQ Monozukuri Tool Wear Diagnosis for Machine Tools

* These are the successors of the AP10-MTD001AA-M, AP10-MTD001AB-M models. (Depending on the number of licenses, "" may contain the letters A to E.)

Product Name	Model	Number of licenses
	AP10-MTD001AC-MA	1
	AP10-MTD001AC-MB	5
iQ Monozukuri Tool Wear Diagnosis	AP10-MTD001AC-MC	10
for Machine Tools	AP10-MTD001AC-MD	15
	AP10-MTD001AC-ME	20

iQ Monozukuri Tool Wear Diagnosis for Machine Tools Upgraded Version

* To apply for a license key for the upgraded version, it is necessary to complete a license key application for your previously purchased "AP10-MTD001AA-M_,AP10-MTD001AB-M_" model.

If you have yet to apply for a license for your "AP10-MTD001AA-M_,AP10-MTD001AB-M_" model,

please apply a license key for that model first. (Depending on the number of licenses, "
]" may contain the letters A to E.)

Product Name	Model	Number of licenses
	AP10-MTD001AC-MAV	1
	AP10-MTD001AC-MBV	5
iQ Monozukuri Tool Wear Diagnosis	AP10-MTD001AC-MCV	10
for Machine Tools Upgraded Version	AP10-MTD001AC-MDV	15
	AP10-MTD001AC-MEV	20

iQ Monozukuri Tool Wear Diagnosis for Machine Tools Advanced Data Science Tool

Product Name	Model	Number of licenses
FA Application Package iQ Monozukuri Tool Wear Diagnosis for Machine Tools Advanced Data Science Tool	AP10-MTD001BA-MA	1

*Software Version1.001B

List of CNC Equipment That Has Been Verified to Connect

Manufacturer	Connected CNC model
Mitsubishi Electric Corporation	M600~,C70~ etc.
FANUC Corporation	Series ** i etc.
Okuma Corporation	OSP etc.

We shall introduce connection methods and cables that are compatible with each model of CNC. Please contact us for more information regarding the CNC you would like to connect to.

Partner Products (protocol converter for CNC connection)

© CONTEC CONPROSVS*	Product name	CONPROSYS M2M controller, compact type (FANUC MT-Linki compatible product)
CONTROLIN	Model	CPS-MC341-ADSC1-931
	Weight	2509
	Size	188.0 (W) ×78.0 (D) ×30.5 (H) mm (excludes protrusions)
interior -	Input power supply specifications	12~24VDC
	Environment specifications	-20 to 60°C (ambient operating temperature); Supports VCCI class A, FCC class A, CE marking (EMC directive class A, RoHS directive), KC, UL
	I/O interface	2×LAN/4×DI/2×DO/2×AI/2×CNT/1×RS-232C/1×RS-485/1×USB/1×SD card slot
	Data input communication protocol	CNC communication, MTConnect, signal I/O
	Data output communication protocol	OPC UA server, Modbus slave, signal I/O
	Data for collection	Program No., Sub-program No., Tool No., S Code, Product Serial No. etc.
Manufacturer/Dealer: Contec Co., Ltd., 3-9-31 Himesato, Nishiyodogawa-ku, Osaka 555-0025, Japan TEL: 06-6472-7130 INTL TEL: +81-6-6472-7130 www.contec.com		
ELMX Maximba M2	Product name	Marimba M3 FOCAS-SLMP version (FANUC compatible)
Marimba Mari	Model	MarimbaM-5FS02
	Weight	0.15g
	Size	7(W)x10(D)x4.2(H)mm
imba M3	Input power supply specifications	DC9-36V
Marm	Environment specifications	0 to 60°C (ambient operating temperature)
	I/O interface	LAN (10/100/1000 B ASE-T) × 1 , Rs232C
	Data input communication protocol	FOCAS 2
-	Data output communication protocol	SLMP (MC protocol)
	Data for collection	Program No., Sub-program No., Tool No., S Code, Product Serial No. etc., Error Code etc.

Manufacturer/Dealer: Cimx Initiative, Inc. 5F YSK Building, 1-3-11 Shiba Daimon, Minato-ku, Tokyo, Japan TEL: 03-6402-2640 INTL TEL: +81-3-6402-2640 https://www.cimx-initiative.com

Current Sensor

U_RD	Product name	Effective value calculation type current transducer				
P	Model	HCS-24-20-ASR	HCS-24-50-ASR			
	Size/Weight	45.0(W)x34.0(D)x74.5(H)mm (excludes protrusions), Approx. 145g				
	Measurable wire size	AWG 20 to AWG 26, Wire passage hole \$424 max.				
	Applicable current waveform	DC to AC 500Hz (including phase control/PWM waveform)				
	Measurement current/Output voltage	0 to 20Arms/1 to 5V output 0 to 50Arms/1 to 5V output				
	Environment specifications	0°C to +50°C, 85%RH or less, No condensation				
Manufacturer/Dealer: U.R.D. Co., Ltd., 1-1-52 Suehirocho, Tsurumi-ku, Yokohama City, Kanagawa 230-0045 TEL: 045-502-3111 INTI TEL: +81-45-502-3111						

www.u-rd.com

Flow until the start of operation

Preliminary Survey

- Select the device, machining type, tool for diagnosis
- Determine system configuration, secure installation environment

Equipment Installation

- Install, wire up equipment
- Set device parameters (communication means, data collection conditions, etc.), register diagnosis model
- Conduct trial operation check for data collection preparation
- Data collection to determine diagnosis threshold

(data collection including 5 to 10 tool exchanges: Approx. 1 month)

3 Diagnosis Threshold Setting

- Confirm adequacy of settings from collection data
- Calculate diagnosis threshold from trend data
- Set calculation threshold

Operation

- Commence operation (check machine condition)
- Tool wear diagnosis, machining abnormality diagnosis, measured value prediction
- Tool change in line with diagnosis results/alarms
- Revise thresholds
- Optimization of machining programs using a Cycle time improvement support function

iQ Monozukuri Rotary Machine Vibration Diagnosis

This software package is used to collect, analyze, and diagnose vibration data from equipment that contains rotating parts. It then helps to visualize equipment status and predicts the location of abnormalities.

Package Contents

GT Works3 screen data for the GOT2000 series

GX Works3 control program

Instruction manual (PDF)

This product consists of the software package and its documentation. Separate hardware and engineering software packages are also required. For more details, please refer to individual product catalogs [L(NA)16056].

Catalog

FA Application Package iQ Monozukuri Rotary Machine Vibration Diagnosis L(NA)16056

e-F@ctory Support Module

The e-F@ctory Support Module is a sample project for MELSEC iQ-R/iQ-F Series PLCs and GOT2000 Series HMIs. Because programs for visualization, easy analysis, and other functions are provided in a sample project format, implementing IoT at the production shop floor level can be accomplished using only basic configurations such as device allocation and parameter settings.

The e-F@ctory Support Module provides effective solutions for issues that may be encountered when adopting an IoT system such as examination time and budget limitations.

GX Works3 sample project for MELSEC iQ-R/iQ-F Series GX Works3 sample project for GOT2000 Series

Instruction manual

Catalog

Mitsubishi Electric e-F@ctory Support Module E001.JPN

Explanation of Terminology

Feature value (machining load, etc.)	Values converted to a single piece of data including the maximum/minimum/mean values, expressing the shape of waveform after extracting the waveform specific to the machining portion from spindle torque data, etc. (data cleansing *P10)		
Workload amount	Integrated value of torque from motor collected for entire machining time by a certain frequency.		
Machining conditions	This package collects program numbers and tool numbers as machining conditions. Actual analysis target data includes the following elements contained in programs: used tool, spindle RPM, feed rate, coordinates (cutting depth), machined material conditions of the command value.		
ТВМ	TBM(Time Based Maintenance)means to perform periodic maintenance. For the purposes of this document, this refers to changing the tool periodically.		
СВМ	CBM (Condition Based Maintenance)means to perform maintenance according to condition. For the purposes of this document, this refers to changing the tool immediately before the predicted usage limit based on tool wear status.		
Breakage detection	Tool breakage detection for drills, taps, reamers, etc. through mounting an inspection sensor on a machine tool.		
Tool life	For the purposes of this document, "tool life" refers to the limit that a tool can be used without deviating from the user's quality control values, as well as the limit that a tool can be used according to tool durability. (differs to number of times a tool can be used under the recommended cutting conditions provided by tool manufacturers)		
Internal measurement	Measurement of the workpiece using a tool head touch probe while it is inside the machine tool.		
Primary processing	The collected data is subjected to processing such as normalization, scale conversion, specified channel deviation, previous value difference, moving average, and channel data combination to make it more suitable for feature value calculation.		
Section extraction	Extraction of the data to be subject to diagnosis from the collected data according to the section extraction conditions measured for each model being diagnosed.		

Trademarks

e-F@ctory, iQ Monozukuri, MELSEC, MELSOFT, GOT, and CC-Link IE are trademarks

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Ethernet is the registered trademark of Fuji Xerox Co., Ltd. in Japan.

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There are cases in this document where trademark symbols ($^{\text{TM}}$, $^{\text{B}}$) are not specified.

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Mitsubishi Electric offers a wide range of automation equipment from PLCs and HMIs to CNC and EDM machines.

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As one of the world's leading companies with a global turnover of over 4 trillion Yen (over \$40 billion), employing over 146,000 people, Mitsubishi Electric has the resource and the commitment to deliver the ultimate in service and support as well as the best products.

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